

Good growth and high efficiency

20%

Growth in total cash earnings¹

- A good hotel market
- 2 Successful acquisitions
- 3 Improved profitability in Operator Activities

17%
Return on equity²

3%
Growth in NOI
Property Management³

44% Growth in NOI Operator Activities³

- 1) Measured as EBITDA plus financial income minus financial cost minus current tax, incl. reversal of extra tax expense of MSEK 29.
- 2) Measured as growth in EPRA NAV, including dividend and excluding proceeds from directed share issue, at annual rate.
- 3) Adjusted for currency effects and comparable units.



Hilton London Heathrow Airport

"Strategic position in one the world's largest airports and travel destinations"









398 rooms

Airport

Business and leisure

Acquired 2017

Long-term revenue-based lease agreement

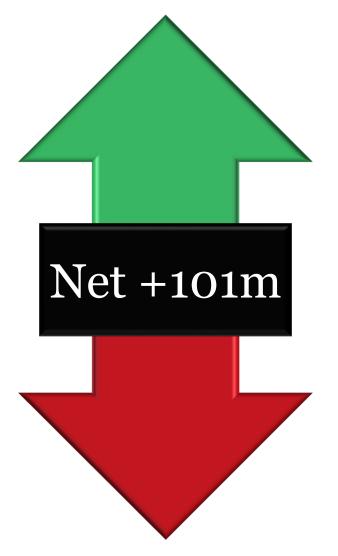
Strategic position in premium market

Excellent location with strong communications



Material increase in net operating income (total NOI)

Based on a combination of factors



- + Robust underlying demand
- + Well performing acquisitions
- + Continued recovery in Brussels

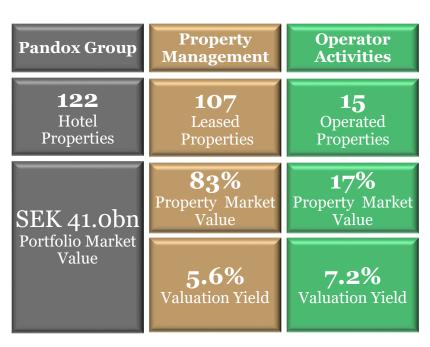
- New room capacity in Stockholm

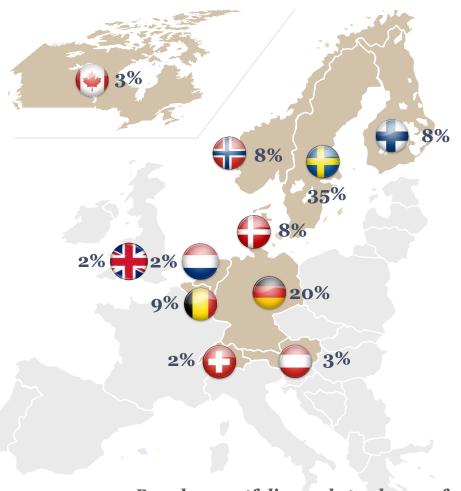


Portfolio overview

Well-diversified portfolio dominated by leases

- > Focused strategy on large hotel properties in the upper-medium to high-end segments in strategic locations.
- > Active ownership model combining a large, attractive portfolio with excellent operational skills.

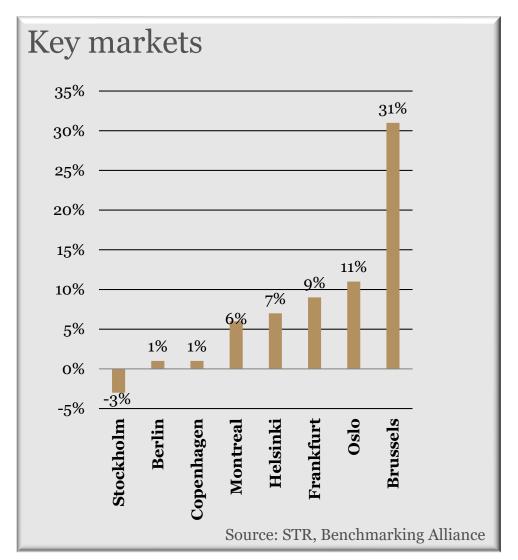


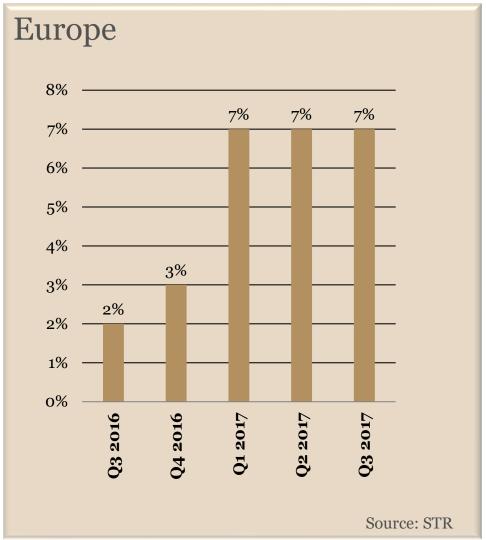


Based on portfolio market value as of 30 September 2017 (rounded percentages).



Good underlying demand in key markets (RevPAR Q3 y/y)







Financial highlights

Steady progress in earnings

Key figures				
(MSEK)	Q3 2017		chg %	
Revenue Property Management (Note 1)	589	479	23	1,787
Net operating income Property Management (Note 1)	511	409	25	1,495
Net operating income Operator Activities (Note 1)	129	130	-1	439
EBITDA (Note 1)	610	512	19	1,817
Profit for the period (Note 1,4) Cash earnings (Note 1,4)	551 462	592 386	-7 20	2,214 1,289
Per share data (SEK)				
Earnings per share (Note 1,2,3,4)	3.47	3.93	-12	14.65
Cash earnings (Note 1,2,3,4) EPRA NAV (Note 3,4)	2.91 136.47	2.55	14	8.49 126.24

Comments on the quarter

- Property Management: LFL¹ growth in revenue and net operating income of 4 percent and 3 percent, respectively.
- Operator Activities: Improved profitability with a LFL¹ increase in net operating income of 44 percent.
- > EPRA NAV per share amounted to SEK 136.47, an increase by SEK 10.2 from year-end 2016. Adjusted for dividend and new share issue the annualised return was 17 percent.
- > YTD Investment Properties experienced an unrealised and realised portfolio value increase of 3.8 percent. For Operating Properties (information purposes only) the unrealised value increase was 1.2 percent.

⁽Note 4) Including reversal of extra tax expense of MSEK 29 in Q3 2017.



⁽Note 1) See page 9 in interim report January-September 2017 for summary of reclassifications, acquisitions and divestments. (Note 2) Based on weighted number of shares 157,499,999 for Q3 2017.

⁽Note 3) After non-controlling interest.

Good demand and profitability

Property Management

Net operating income			
(MSEK)	Q3 2017	Q3 2016	FY 2016
Rental income Other property income	569	459	1,717

Other property income 20 20 70 Costs* -78 -70 -292 Net operating income 511 409 1,495



- > LFL¹ rental income and net operating income increased by 4 percent and 3 percent, respectively
- Good underlying demand
- > Full effect from reclassifications
- > Hilton London Heathrow Airport acquired 31 August 2017

^{*}Including property administration costs

Brussels continued to improve

Operator Activities

Net operating income					
(MSEK)	Q3 2017	Q3 2016	FY 2016		
Revenue	463	561	2,158		
Costs	-373	-466	-1,866		
Gross Profit	90	95	292		
Add: Depreciation included in costs	39	35	147		
Net operating income	129	130	439		
NOI margin	28%	23%	20%		
NOI margin adjusted for Grand Hotel Oslo	-	26%	23%		



- > LFL¹ revenue increased by 10 percent and net operating income by 44 percent
- > NOI improvement driven mainly by continued recovery in Brussels
- > Slightly higher profitability in the hotels remaining after reclassifications



Property portfolio

Value increases reflecting underlying performance

Change in value (MSEK) Change in value Investment Properties **MSEK** Investment Properties, beginning of the period (January 1, 2017) 30,163 + Acquisitions 4 823 298 + Investments in current portfolio - Divestments +/- Reclassifications 1 1.600 +/- Revaluation of fixed assets to the profit for the year 1 112 +/- Unrealised changes in value 1.136 +/- Realised changes in value +/- Change in currency exchange rates -94 Investment Properties, end of period (September 30, 2017) 34,038 Change in value Operating Properties (reported for information purposes only) MSEK Operating Properties, market value (January 1, 2017) 8.070 + Acquisitions 3 324 + Investments in current portfolio 203 - Divestments 2 -16 +/- Reclassifications 1 -1.712 +/- Unrealised changes in value 95 +/- Realised changes in value +/- Change in currency exchange rates -51 6.913 Operating Properties, market value (September 30, 2017) ¹Refers to reclassification of eight hotel properties to Operator Activities, of which one in Q1 and seven in Q2 ² Refers to divestment of FF&I Grand Hotel Oslo Q2 2017. ³ Refers to acquisition of Silken Berlaymont 29 May 2017. +3.2% YTD ⁴ Refers to acquisition of Hilton London Heathrow Airport 31 August at closing rate.

Comments per 30 September, 2017

- Total property portfolio market value amounted to MSEK 40,951 (38,233).
- Average valuation yield for Investment Properties was 5.6 (5.7) percent and for Operating Properties 7.2 (7.5) percent.
- External valuations in line with and confirms Pandox's internal valuations.

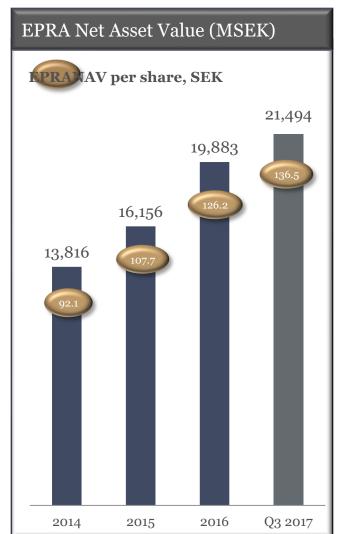
High level of activity:

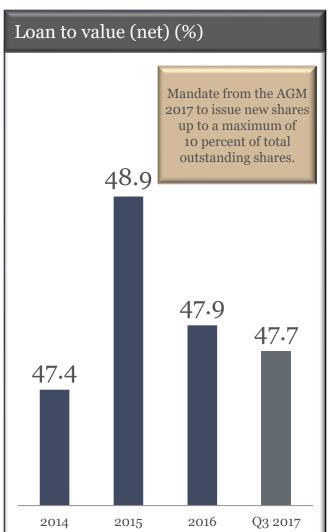
- Acquisition of Hilton London Heathrow Airport 31 August 2017 in Property Management.
- Acquisition of Hotel Berlaymont 29 May 2017 in Operator Activities.
- Reclassification of seven hotels in the Nordics to Property Management in Q2 2017.
- Reclassification of Meininger Copenhagen to Property Management 1 January, 2017.

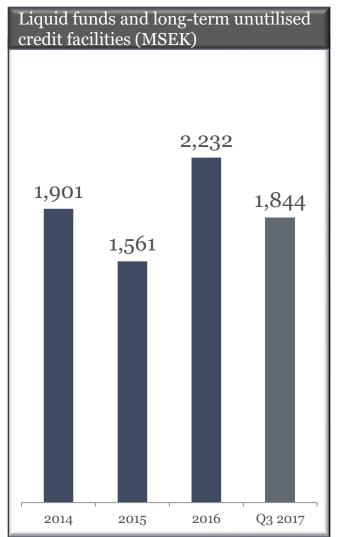


Financing and capital structure

Solid growth in EPRA NAV and maintained financial flexibility









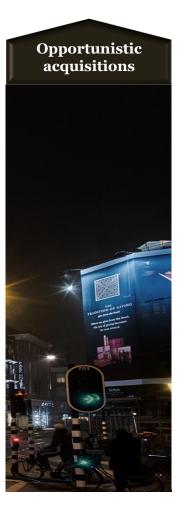
The main drivers for growth in cash earnings











Organic growth



Q&A





